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## RUSSIANS RETREAT AGAIN IN GALICIA: DNIESTER CROSSED ZIONIST MOVEMENT WILL REUNITE JEWS DECLARE SPEAKERS

GERMANS LAUNCH ANOTHER DRIVE AT WARSAW FROM THE NORTH THROUGH PRZASNYZ, COMMENCING WITH TERRIFIC ARTILLERY ACTION.

## GREAT BRITAIN IS WAKING UP BRANDEIS TELLS OF RELIEF

English Public Now Convinced That War Will Be a Long One—Campaign for Munitions at Its Height and Germany Straining Every Fibre to Increase Deadly Mechanisms.

London, June 27.—The Russians are again retreating in Galicia, both north and south of Lemberg, and in Poland the Germans have launched another drive against Warsaw from the north through Przasnyz.

The new blow at the Polish capital has been preceded by a terrific artillery action. The fact is recorded by the Russians themselves but it is too early to say whether it means a second offensive, the first clash having developed a bayonet encounter, the result of which neither side records.

Berlin and Vienna do not refer to this conflict, confining their statements to the Galicia situation where victories are claimed in various sectors from the Bessarabian frontier to Rawarska, north of Lemberg.

What is more important the Germans claim, the Teutonic forces have crossed the Dniester northwest of Lemberg and have driven the Russians some miles into the hills.

Not since the war began has the English public been so convinced that it will be a long one. Those who took this view months ago were called pessimists but now it is generally admitted the Russian armies must fight for months under tremendous disadvantages and that in the meantime the much heralded general movement on the western front must be indefinitely postponed while the allies thoroughly reorganize their methods.

While the campaign for munitions in Great Britain is at its height, it must be assumed that Germany is straining every fibre to one end and calling into play her inventive skill so as to increase the deadly mechanisms of war to offset the inevitable and certain drain on her men.

The consensus of opinion among military writers in London is that Germany intends further to press her eastern victories with another battering ram toward Warsaw in an endeavor to seize that city and the whole line of the Vistula.

The line of offensive now directed from the Przasnyz region along the valley of the Omulew and Oryz tributaries of the Narew, which flows across the north of Poland and joins the bend of the Vistula above Warsaw.

**Italian Statement.** Rome, June 26, via Paris, June 27, 4 a. m.—Today's official statement follows:

"On the Tyrol-Trentine frontier long range artillery duels continued at several points."

"In Carniola last night, the usual vain attack on Priskofel was repeated. "West of the pass of Monte Croce our troops occupied the summit of Zeillenkofel."

"Along the Isonzo frontier our progress beyond the river is developing slowly, but without pause. To hasten the subsidence of the floods originating along the lower Isonzo, the destruction was ordered of the Monfalcone canal at its mouth. The operation was conducted courageously by a detachment of engineers under a violent fire from the enemy."

"Storms of the afternoon of the 25th and the night of the 26th hindered the action of our troops, especially in the mountainous part of the theatre of war."

**Breach Between Socialists.** Berlin, by Wireless to Sayville, L. I., June 27.—Dr. Ernest Quorck, a social democrat member of the Reichstag, is quoted by the Overseas News agency as declaring that French and English

## SUMMARY OF WAR

Without pause, the Austro-Germans are continuing their efforts to sweep the Russians out of Galicia. The French still are hammering at the Germans in the Arras region and on the heights of the Meuse. The Germans have launched another attack against Warsaw, moving from the north through Przasnyz, which is not far from the old Prussian frontier down toward the Polish capital over that section embraced by the Omulew and Oryz rivers.

Dr. Von Bethmann-Hollweg, the imperial German chancellor, and Gottlieb Von Jagow, the German foreign minister, have been in conference at Vienna with the Austrian foreign minister and the chancellor has conferred also with Emperor Francis Joseph.

According to unofficial reports, the Turkish ambassador at Rome has asked for his passports from the Italian foreign office, although no declaration of war has passed between Italy and Turkey.

Gallipoli remains the scene of the most important military operations. The stubborn resistance which for several days has been offered by the Russian forces southeast of Lemberg after their retreat from the Galician capital has finally been overcome after a protracted and violent engagement. The Teutonic forces have penetrated the Russians' main position in this sector, according to Vienna, and thrown the Russians back.

The invading forces are said to be retreating along this entire front and also to be retiring before the advanc-

Mother and Sister Confident Thaw Will Be Declared Sane



THAW'S MOTHER and SISTER • • •

New York, June 26.—Harry Kendall Thaw, now forty-five years old, backed by a great array of legal talent, began his greatest effort to procure his freedom from the mad house to which he was ordered when he was acquitted of the murder of Stanford White, whom he shot to death on Madison Square roof garden nine years ago. Great crowds thronged the court house, and a special force of bailiffs had to be summoned to handle them. Another huge crowd followed Thaw and his guards when they went to a Park Row restaurant for luncheon. The press seemed absolutely unperturbed by the attention paid him. He declared he was confident he would never be returned to Matteawan. It was an easy indifference of manner more marked than in any of his other appearances at the bar that Thaw came into court. Four deputy sheriffs from Ludlow street jail accompanied him. Immediately behind him came his mother, Mrs. Mary Copley Thaw; his sister, Mrs. George Lauder Carnegie, and his half brother, Josiah T. Thaw. 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## Preserving Peaches

For sale at our 18 stores today. Fancy Peaches, \$1.20 per bushel. This peach is a clingstone and simply fine for preserving or sweet pickle.

### FRUIT JARS

We offer special prices on Mason Fruit Jars.	
Mason's pint jars, per dozen	.42c
Mason's quart jars, per dozen	.51c
Mason's 1-2 gallon jars, per dozen	.65c
Extra Jar Tops, per dozen	.19c
Extra wide red or white Rubbers, per dozen	.8c

## Cash Mercantile Co.

403 S. 3rd—Main Store—Either Phone 219

### MARLIN CHURCHES ARE WELL FILLED

DR. J. R. MAGILL OF DALLAS,  
STATE B. Y. P. U. SECRETARY,  
ADDRESSES BAPTISTS.

Revival Services at Christian Church  
Started by Rev. Foy Wallace  
of Lott.

Marlin, June 27.—With a good breeze blowing during the morning, church-going people found today to be a good day for getting out, although some little fear was expressed that it might rain. The churches were all filled with good-sized congregations, the pastors of the Presbyterian and Methodist congregations doing their own preaching, while the Baptists enjoyed special services conducted by Dr. Jas. R. Magill of Dallas.

Dr. Magill, who is state secretary of the B. Y. P. U. for Texas, was here in the interest of his department of church work and his addresses were along the line of encouraging the work of the young people.

In the evening, Rev. Foy Wallace of Lott started a series of revival services at the Christian church.

**Shipping Steers from Littlefield.**  
Littlefield, June 27.—The C. C. Slaughter Cattle company, with headquarters thirty miles southwest of Littlefield, is making its initial shipment of yearling steers to J. W. Puckett of Amarillo. One thousand and fifty steers constitute this shipment, and they are being hauled from Littlefield to Dalhart. Over 1,500 steers were contracted for in this deal.

A splendid rain has fallen here. Cattle ranges and farms are in excellent condition.

**House Burns at Hico.**  
Hico, June 27.—The residence of J. M. Coker was destroyed by fire Friday night. The roof was ready to fall in when the fire was discovered. Mr. Coker and family were out of town and nothing was saved. The loss was partly covered by insurance.

### Shells for Russia to Be Manufactured By Canadian Firm

New York, June 27.—Wilson W. Butler, vice president of the Canadian Steel Founders, Limited, and the Canadian Car and Foundry company, who arrived here today from Liverpool on the steamship Philadelphia, declared that while abroad he closed a contract in Petrograd for 5,000,000 artillery shells, which he asserted, is one of the largest contracts ever granted by Russia for foreign-made ammunition. The shells will be manufactured in Canada and will be delivered to the order of the Russian government at Canadian ports.

While in England, Mr. Butler conferred with the Booth committee, an advisory organization to the war department. He said he objected to England's efforts to draw upon Canada and other British colonies for a large supply of skilled labor.

"Canada already has generously responded to the call of Great Britain with thousands of the best of her young men," said Mr. Butler. "The effort to draw also from us our skilled labor, I resent, for we need the men ourselves."

### HUSBAND WORKS IN STEEL MILLS

**Mrs. Bertha Hartman  
Learned the News From  
Friends of Her  
Husband.**

Plant Juice, the new herbal system tonic, brings the sunshine of health to a poor body that has long languished in the winter of sickness. Many local men and women who have suffered from stomach disorders and its accompanying distressing symptoms have felt the sunshine of health, as their numerous testimonials show.

Mrs. Bertha Hartman, who lives at No. 1821 Lamont Alley, South Side, whose husband is a boiler-maker, employed by the Jones & Laughlin Steel Mills, have lived at the above address for six years, where they are well known. Mrs. Hartman stated:

"My husband and I had been very nervous and could not sleep. My appetite was bad and I had that tired 'run down' feeling. We had tried all kinds of remedies, but they did not seem to suit our cases. Some of the employees of the mills were telling us about Plant Juice and said they knew it would help us. Finally my husband brought home a bottle and we both began to use it. It helped us the very first day. My husband has improved so much that he says he has never felt better. My appetite has returned and I am no longer nervous. We would not be without this medicine in our house, as we both feel that we are well again."

Plant Juice is sold in Waco at W. B. Morrison's Old Corner Drug Store.

## TODAY ANNIVERSARY OF WAR'S BEGINNING

ELEVEN NATIONS ARE FIGHTING  
AND ALL BECAUSE SERBIAN  
KILLED ARCHDUKE.

LOSSES EXCEED 5,000,000 MEN

Accomplishments of First Year of  
European Conflict Shows No  
Ending in Sight.

One year ago today the Austrian archduke, Francis Ferdinand, and his wife were shot and killed in the little Bosnian town of Sarajevo by Gavrilo Princip. It was the act of Princip, a poor student, which ultimately resulted in eleven nations going to war. The names are on one hand, Great Britain, France, Russia, Serbia, Japan, Belgium, Italy and Montenegro, and, on the other, Germany, Austria and Turkey. The war to date, according to conservative estimates, compiled from the best available reports, has caused a loss to the various belligerents of more than 6,000,000 men dead, wounded and prisoners, and more than 500 ships. Of these about 120 were war vessels.

### Results on Land.

The outstanding results on land are these:

The greater portion of Belgium is under the control of Germany.

Germany has been driven from the Far East.

A part of the Dardanelles is in the possession of the allied troops.

Portions of France and Russia are in the possession of German troops.

The strip of Alsace has been taken from Germany.

On the continent of Africa parts of territorial possessions have been lost by both sides.

Various island possessions of Germany have been taken by the forces of the allies.

Italian troops are in possession of a strip of Austrian territory.

### Results at Sea.

The outstanding results at sea are these:

German and Austrian mercantile shipping has been driven from all the open seas.

German and Austrian war vessels having a total displacement of approximately 257,000 tons have been destroyed.

War vessels of the allied nations having a total displacement of approximately 192,000 tons have been sent to the bottom.

The greater portions of the German and allied fleets in the North Sea remain intact.

Except for communication through Holland and the Scandinavian nations, Germany is cut off from the rest of the world.

Efforts on the part of the Germans to place the British Isles in a similar predicament has resulted in the sinking by submarines of hundreds of vessels flying the flags of the allied and neutral nations.

The sinking in this manner of the Canare Liner, with the loss of more than 100 American lives precipitated a request upon the part of the United States that such practices in so far as they might menace Americans be stopped.

Few of the prisoners have offered explanations of their presence near the Slaton estate. Some said they had been fishing in a nearby stream, while one asserted he had set out to purchase cattle in the neighborhood when the militiamen stopped his automobile and arrested himself and chauffeur.

### How War Commenced.

Princip's crime was committed on June 28. An investigation disclosed what was alleged to be proof that the assassin was the tool of a group of Serbians. On July 23, after considerable correspondence and negotiations, an ultimatum was sent to Serbia by the Austro-Hungarian government, which Serbia declined to meet. A week later a general mobilization of Russian troops along the frontier was ordered and the following day Germany declared war on Russia.

The news of that event was followed in a few hours by the announcement that a general mobilization had been ordered by the French cabinet.

On Aug. 2, German troops entered Luxembourg and Germany demanded free passage through Belgium to the French frontier. This was refused and two days later Great Britain declared to Germany an ultimatum demanding that the neutrality of Belgium be maintained. The ultimatum rejected, German forces attacked Liege. On the same day President Wilson issued a proclamation of neutrality.

The following day saw the declaration by Great Britain of a state of

### Flush Your Blood Get it Cleansed

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When you put a tablespoonful of S. S. into your stomach it gets straight into your blood. In less than five minutes there begins a wave of restorative influence wherever the blood has circulated. Does this read like magic?

But it is absolutely true. Those powerful digestive juices in the stomach can not change the medicinal effect of S. S.

The liver can not burn it. The lungs, skin and kidneys can not affect it.

S. S. acts in motion millions of cells and nerves to throw off the countless germs that have infested every part of the body. And as S. S. continues to bathe those troublesome pests that gather in the form of pimples, boils, eczema, acne, catarrh, rheumatism and other so-called blood disorders, it rounds interactively the blood of the body but will not attack the corpuscles called leucocytes that actually devour or change or convert disease germs so they are readily and quickly cast out of the body. It is probably the best appreciated blood medicine known! You will find S. S. for sale in nearly every drug store in the U. S. Get a bottle today. And if your case is not cured write to the Medical Department, The Swift Specific Co., 108 Swift Bldg., Atlanta, Ga. It is conducted by a noted physician.

**Flaming Liquids Used.**  
Paris, via London, June 27.—The following official communication was issued by the war office tonight:

"The fighting on June 26-27 at the Calonne trench was violent, developing in some cases in hand-to-hand encounters. The Germans made use of flaming liquid, and sheltered by a cloud of fumes, reached their former first line. They were repulsed with heavy losses."

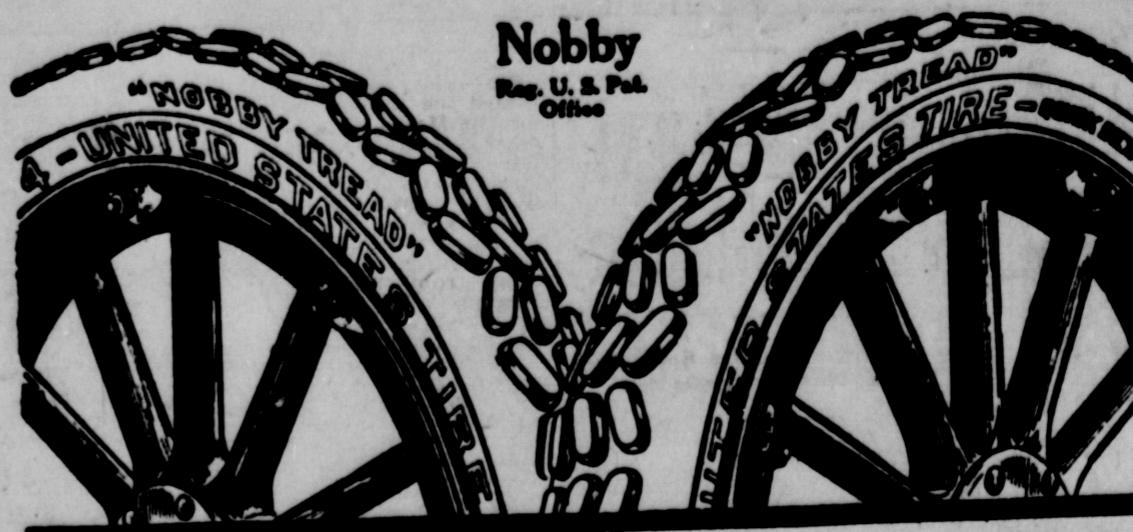
"We hold all the former first German lines as well as those parts of the second line which we had previously conquered."

"East of the Grand trench on the ridge south of the ravine of Sonvay, the section of a trench on a front of about 120 meters occupied last evening by the enemy, was retaken early this night, with the exception of about 30 meters."

"A German aeroplane dropped two bombs on St. Die. A woman was killed."

Plant Juice is sold in Waco at W. B. Morrison's Old Corner Drug Store.

Nobby  
Reg. U. S. Pat.  
Office



## Lowest Final-Cost-Per-Mile

Actual tire expense depends on one thing, and just one thing—viz: the final-cost-per-mile.

"Nobby Tread" Tires deliver more miles for less money than any other tires in the world.

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**United States Tires**  
Made by Largest Rubber Company in the World  
(Employing 55,484 Men)

war with Germany, and two days later the Germans entered Liege as the French invaded southern Alsace.

These events were quickly followed by an affirmation on the part of Italy for her neutrality, by an Austrian invasion of Serbia, and by a sending by Japan of an ultimatum to Germany. This had to do with the German possession of Kiau-Chow, of which Tsing-Tau was the port.

By Aug. 17 the first British expeditionary force had completed its landing in France and on that day there began also a fierce battle on the Jadar between the Austrian and Serbian troops. Victory was with the Serbs after five days of fighting and the Austrians were routed.

In the meanwhile, the battle of Lorain had opened and the German troops had entered Brussels, the Belgian capital.

A few days later, Aug. 23, the victorious Germans entered Namur and began an attack on Mons, defended principally by the first British expeditionary force. The next day the British troops began a retreat from their position and from then on until Sept. 12 the German troops drove through Mons. The German force was captured after he had been in the field for more than a month. Native troops in the African provinces belonging to Germany, Great Britain and France were lined up on the borders of the respective provinces.

Fighting was general.

During the latter part of October the dread draught Admireal was sunk off the Irish coast; the Russians successfully attacked Lodz and Radom, driving out the invading Germans. Turkey joined the war at that juncture by naval operations in the Black Sea. Odessa was attacked.

November opened with a German naval victory over a British squadron off the coast of Gallipoli and the Turkish warships bombarded Sebastopol. Two days later the German warships ventured from their anchorage behind the naval base at Heligoland and bombarded the British coast in the vicinity of Yarmouth. On Nov. 5, Great Britain and France declared war on Turkey and the forts guarding the entrance to the Dardanelles were bombarded by a fleet of allied English and French warships.

On the same day the British fleet, which had been stationed in foreign waters at the opening of the war had by that time given a good account of themselves. The Emden operating in the Indian ocean and adjacent waters overtook and sank more than a score of merchantmen.

In the meanwhile, German submarine warfare was especially active during the winter months, sinking many warships and merchantmen.

March opened with an announcement of British reprisal measures against the Germans for the submarine warfare and the development of battleships.

British troops in France again became active, making a notable advance at Neuve Chapelle. By the end of March the Russian troops had penetrated the Dukla Pass and entered Hungary.

April saw the beginning of violent assaults upon the German lines by the French east of Verdun and the Meuse. The French stormed the German position at Les Eparges and at the same time it was officially announced that the total of British casualties for the month were 128,347.

May saw the British forces in France again penetrate Hungarian soil and capture the city of Ostend. Two days later the German government remained at Ostend for about a week and then removed to Havre, France. Forty-eight hours later the Germans captured Ostend.

Meanwhile, the allied troops advanced to the south and forced a retreat.

On May 15 the Germans recaptured Ostend and took Jaroslav.

On May 16 the British forces advanced to the south and forced a retreat.

On May 17 the Germans recaptured Ostend and took Jaroslav.

On May 18 the British forces advanced to the south and forced a retreat.

On May 19 the Germans recaptured Ostend and took Jaroslav.

On May 20 the British forces advanced to the south and forced a retreat.

On May 21 the Germans recaptured Ostend and took Jaroslav.

On May 22 the British forces advanced to the south and forced a retreat.

On May 23 the Germans recaptured Ostend and took Jaroslav.

On May 24 the British forces advanced to the south and forced a retreat.

On May 25 the Germans recaptured Ostend and took Jaroslav.

On May 26 the British forces advanced to the south and forced a retreat.

On May 27 the Germans recaptured Ostend and took Jaroslav.

On May 28 the British forces advanced to the south and forced a retreat.

On May 29 the Germans recaptured Ostend and took Jaroslav.

On May 30 the British forces advanced to the south and forced a retreat.

On May 31 the Germans recaptured Ostend and took Jarosl

## SPRING CHICKEN DINNER COUNTRY STYLE

TODAY  
11 a. m. to 2 p. m.

FOR 25c  
Cafe Department

## THE GROCERY SO DIFFERENT

### COTTON GOODS REVIEW.

New York, June 27.—Cotton goods markets are not active, but there is a steady flow of filling-in business going on in small lots. In the primary markets the demand for sheetings and osnaburghs to be used in place of burlaps continues a feature.

There are only ordering goods as they need them. Bleached cottons remain steady. Prints are quiet. Small business is being done in ginghams. Trade in fine and fancy cottons at the counter continues good. A few hundred bales of sheetings have been sold for red sea shipment, but trade on the whole is very quiet. Prints are as follows:

Print cotton 25-inch 64x64 48x48c; brown sheetings, southern standard 64c; tickings, 8-ounce, 11c; denims, 8-ounce

hams 64c; dress ginghams 24c.

### WEEKLY FINANCIAL REVIEW.

New York, June 27.—Financing of the war, adjustment of the disordered facilities of the world's commercial provision for America's capital requirements are pressing their claims with increasing urgency to the directing authorities of this country's swelling resources. The huge volume of the nation's bank surplus reserves, and stock market speculation remains quiet, due to realization of the importance of tasks abroad.

Governor Strong of the New York federal reserve bank has increased the importance of America financing the United States' world commerce instead of continuing to entrust this to others. The 4% per cent interest rate fixed for New York city's new loan is less than that abundant bank reserves do not imply in terms to fixiture of new capital at home.

The advanced rate on the new British loan stiffened sales here of American securities to provide means to invest. The Rothschild loan through the Morgan banking house, etc., called a government project makes provision for payment of commercial obligations of the French government in this country, and transfers high grade American railway bonds to this center of collateral gold imports continue to flow in after brief prospects. May railroad earnings and reports of trade expansion kept up favorable impressions.

### REVIEW OF STEEL MARKET.

New York, June 27.—Satisfactory profits attend the large volume of business being taken by foreign concerns. The bulk of orders are of foreign origin. Of 26,000 cars and 50 locomotives built this month, only 6000 cars and 50 locomotives are for domestic use.

Gas and oil companies placed orders for 80 miles of wrought line pipe for southern and western shipment. Billets, tool steel and shafting were advanced in price.

It is indicated that the United States Steel corporation took orders recently at the rate of 45,000 tons a day while shipments were approximately 35,000 tons a day.

### NEW ORLEANS COTTON REVIEW.

New Orleans, June 27.—Trading last week was against values in the cotton market, selling was stimulated by favorable crop and weather accounts given by expectations of bureau reports this week, while the first July notes caused much liquidation of long cotton. The close was at a net loss of 21 to 22 points.

Earlier spot markets and increasing offerings helped to work against the price of futures.

Some influences during the week was the constant covering of short cotton, which led to claims by bull that the market was oversold. Toward the end of the week, heavy spot sales in Liverpool and mill takings in the comparatively large decrease in the visible supply led to favorable comment, but did not stimulate fresh long buying of consequence.

The market will be mainly occupied with the government reports on Thursday on condition and acreage. Following these reports there will be little opportunity for fresh business since the American markets will close Friday for triple holidays.

The majority of traders look for condition figures at least as high as last month's percentage of 80. A year ago the condition was 76.

Ladies' and Gents' Clothes Cleaned, Pressed and Repaired by Expert Tailors

At lowest prices for the Summer months

New York Tailors  
4th and Washington  
New Phone 984.  
Opposite Interurban Depot.

MISS MINNIE OWENS  
Public Stenographer  
Notary Public  
414 Peerless Building,  
Office Phone, Old 882-Residence  
Phone, Old 1831

Spring means heavy expenditures for Spring Clothes, unless you are economically wise and send your used garments of last summer to us.

**McGUIRE DRY CLEANING**  
We also do pressing. Work called for and delivered.  
Old Phone 612; New Phone 2626  
721-723 Washington.  
We solicit Your Patronage.

## PEACE LEAGUE PLAN OPPOSED BY OUSLEY

PRESIDENT OF A. & M. COLLEGE  
DOES NOT BELIEVE TAFT'S  
PROJECT FEASIBLE.

## CAN'T LIMIT SOVEREIGN PEOPLE

Attention Called to Little Respect for  
Treaties When Interests Are  
at Stake.

Bryan, June 27.—Although I am engaged in educational service it cannot be denied that a citizen in any situation to express an opinion about a non-national or non-partisan question and to contribute what he may from his reading and his study to an intelligent comprehension of a public question of grave import. Therefore, I venture some suggestions concerning the international problem as presented in the proposals of the Philadelphia peace conference.

One of our revolutionary orators, foreseeing the conflict between the colonies and Great Britain and reluctantly expressing the deep conviction of the patriots of '66 said: "Gentlemen may cry 'Peace, peace,' but there is no peace," or words to that effect. It has been so long since I read the revolutionary orations that I cannot identify the speaker. Maybe it was Pitt himself, though it seems now to sound more like Patrick Henry, who said also: "We must fight; I repeat it, we must fight."

It has been so in every crisis of history, it was so with the south and the north in 1861; it was so with the United States on Cuba's account in 1898; it was so in the German view in July, 1914; it was so in the Italian view in June, 1915; it will be so with human kind until the moment of dawn. Looking backward over the participants in these conflicts may see many years later that the war might have been avoided or was even unjustifiable, but the calm philosophy which comes later is not possible to the human mind in the passion of an exciting cause.

I do not seem to question the high purpose of Mr. Taft's peace league of nations nor do I doubt that good will come out of the movement. I applaud every pronouncement for peace. By education and persuasion we can promote a more pacific and tolerant attitude in the mind universal as we have been doing for the past half century, for under the persuasion of a broadening philosophy of brotherhood the world has escaped many conflicts which a century ago would have been inevitable. We can increasingly employ tolerance and reason in disputes between nations but we are deluding ourselves when we imagine that we can immediately or soon make war impossible.

We are defying the law of our physical being, which in a sense is the law of our national being as a composite of individual passion and ambition, when we undertake to set a limit by an international court to the acts of a sovereign people in any situation.

It is well known that good will be made by concluding treaties only to tear them up as scraps of paper if we undertake by international agreement to subject this nation of sovereign states and this nation of continental responsibility to the judgment of any set of nations in any affair that may offend the honor, the dignity, or the material interests of the republic.

Let's see what these gentlemen really desire.

It is desirable for the United States to join a league of all the great nations, binding the signatories to the following:

"First. All justiciable questions arising between the signatory powers not settled by negotiation shall be submitted to a judicial tribunal for hearing and judgment both upon the merits and upon any issue as to its jurisdiction of the question.

"Second. All non-justiciable questions arising between the signatories and not settled by negotiation, shall be submitted to a council of conciliation for hearing, consideration and recommendation.

"Third. The signatory powers shall jointly use their military forces to prevent any one of their number from going to war or committing acts of hostility, against another of the signatories before any question arising shall be submitted as provided in the foregoing.

"Fourth. Conferences between the signatory powers shall be held from time to time to formulate and codify rules of international law, which dissent within a stated period, shall thereafter govern in the decisions of the judicial tribunal mentioned in article three."

What is a justiciable question? In a vague sort of way it has been defined as a dispute which does not involve national honor or territorial integrity. But it is too indefinite in concept for expression in terms of a treaty or other form of law, for it must be precise in order to be enforceable. The subject is too new and experience too short for statesmen to formulate a definite expression of the non-justiciable.

Is our present contention with Germany justiciable or non-justiciable?

I can see how we might agree to abide the judgment of an international court in appraising the monetary value of the Gulf flight or the measuring of actual and exemplary damages accruing from the sinking of the Lusitania, but that is not the main point, which is the principle of the freedom of the seas for neutral commerce.

In this particular we might safely leave an international court the settlement of the entire dispute including the fundamental principle for which we contend, because we know in advance that the enlightened nations of the world approve our view. But if we should submit the question to arbitration or conciliation, could we possibly extend over several months?

That is precisely what Germany wishes, and it is precisely what the president has properly refused. Thus at the very moment of the peace league agitation we find ourselves in an attitude which exhibits the impossibility of obtaining the people's consent to the application of the proposed method in any acute crisis of injury or offense.

Italy's declaration of war is another striking example. The Italian people compelled the government to violate its treaty with Germany-Austria and to take up arms against these powers. The Italian government makes a plausible excuse under the letter of the

## FEDERAL OFFICERS ARREST HUERTA AT BORDER TOWN

CONTINUED FROM PAGE ONE.

treasury, but the excuse shows only the resourcefulness of any nation in escaping an obligation which its people are unwilling to keep and all the more unwilling to do so in pursuit of dreamy ideas entered into a compact which all experience and all knowledge in human nature admonish us in advance will be broken under a national sense of injury or of self-respect or self-preservation.

No peace league could have prevented the United States from avenging the Maine; no administrator could have resisted a popular passion of the north when Confederate guns were trained on Fort Sumter; no persuasion of world powers could restrain Germany from leaping to Austria's side in her bold assault upon Serbia; a solemn treaty did not prevent Germany from invading and depopulating Belgium, nor did well recognized international law prevent her from sinking the Lusitania upon the false but accepted assumption that she was armed for war. The only thing that man now persuades Germany to abandon her contention in her submarine war upon merchantmen will be the conclusion that she cannot afford to incur the hostility of the United States. If we were without ships or other military equipment, men or potential Germany could easily defy us. And there nothing in history or in human consciousness to teach us that another nation, even our own, would not do the same thing under the same circumstances. Germany's cause is the deep conviction of her entire population.

Who will be so rash as to advise that the United States enter into a compact with South and Central American countries to submit to the majority opinion of those countries the merits of any dispute with any one of them. When we get ready to act in Mexico we will act upon our judgment alone.

Who will say that it would have been discreet for the United States to have been subject to the judgment of the majority of the powers of Europe and Asia in the acquirement of the Philippines or Hawaii?

No compact of any kind could prevent a nation from making thorough preparation for war, as Germany has been doing for the last quarter of a century, and no nation can afford to remain unprepared when another nation with which it may possibly be at war has a serious controversy persists in preparedness.

A limitation upon sovereignty is unthinkable. The citizens of a common country must of necessity submit their differences to the courts of the common country, for that is law and order, but in so doing they acknowledge the superiority of the national law.

In like manner an international court to effect war would be an acknowledgment of a sovereignty above the nation and that is a contradiction of terms and a paradox of logic.

A limitation upon the sovereign's right to wage war requires preceding limitation upon its prime functions as a sovereign.

Commentators, including Mr. Taft, have expressed the apprehension that such treaties as are proposed for the creation of an international court will meet opposition in the Senate. It is sincere to be honest that they would, and the apprehension serves to exhibit the need for the senate as a body of conservative restraint upon the unthinking zeal of idealists.

Of the four proposals, only the last is possible in the present state of human intelligence and reason. Much may be accomplished by conferences for the formation of rules of international law, for in the very nature of such conferences the nations will come closer together in forbearance and mutual understanding. Beyond this, the proposed peace league will be mere vanity and vexation of spirit.

It is yet the attribute of a manly nature to resent insult, and the same attribute inheres in a nation of men. Nor will the nature of a body politic change by conferring the ballot upon women, some idealist vainly hopes. The women of Germany today, as the women of the south in 1861, are as warlike as the men. Temporarily at least "the female of the species is more deadly than the male."

War will pass in the enlightenment of spirit and the softening of heart under education in philosophy and human brotherhood, but it is beyond calculation. We may indulge the hope that this great conflict will be the last horrible example, but we have no reason whatever for assuming that the hope may be realized by the manufacture of an international court.

CLARENCE OUSLEY.

## Cobb to Deliver Lecture on Rotary Philosophy Today

Prof. B. B. Cobb, superintendent of public schools, will deliver the first address in the new course in "The Philosophy of Rotary," instituted by the local Rotary club, at the regular meeting of the club at the State House at 12:15 o'clock today. A. G. Steele, manager of the local office of the Western Union Telegraph company, will talk on some phase of his business. Prof. J. L. Kelsch, of the Baylor university, is slated for toastmaster. The discussions of Rotary Philosophy will be held on the fourth Monday in each month.

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## MORRISON'S "OLD CORNER"

The Biggest and the Best in Texas.

CONTINUED FROM PAGE ONE.

retain in its custody for the present at least the man whose overthrow of Madero and Suarez and dictatorship in Mexico was declared by President Wilson to me responsible for the resulting turbulence in the southern republic. When General Huerta returned from Spain the American government made no effort to deport him, accepting his pledge that he did not intend to violate the laws of neutrality.

Huerta's Movements Watched.

Government agents watched his movements, however, noting that former federal generals frequently were in conference with him. They investigated reports that financial support had been secured for a new revolutionary movement, but it was not until the moment of apparent setting on foot of an expedition that it was regarded as timely to interpose the arm of the American government.

Officials here do not understand that the movement of the Huerta group was supported by all of the various branches of the so-called conservative party who are living in exile in the United States. Two other separate and distinct groups of Mexican affairs. In this country, the one headed by General Felix Diaz and assisted by Generals Madrazo and Blanquet, former adherents of Huerta and another organization of which Eduardo Muriel is the spokesman, have been reported to be ready to take up arms.

Huerta declined to comment on Mexican affairs. Asked if it was true that he was one of the leaders of the new Mexican revolutionary movement, he shook his head and responded:

"Absolutely no! I will never enter Mexico as a member of any force.

I have never been in the field as a soldier unless my country should need me again against the foe. It is my hope never to return until after peace is established. This may take five or six years."

"What effect do you think President Wilson's note will have on the warring factions in Mexico?"

General Huerta smiled, lighted another cigarette, blew rings of smoke and said he did not care to answer.

"If you have no intention of entering Mexico in the present revolt, why did you visit El Paso?"

Huerta shook his finger emphatically.

"I came to visit my son-in-law and daughter. I think I have a perfect right to do that. I am en route to the San Francisco fair."

Asked why he purchased tickets only to El Paso, he replied:

"I asked the New York agent if I could get a stop-over and he said no, so I bought a stop-over and ticket to El Paso."

Mr. Ratner, the interpreter, assumed responsibility for arranging for the party to leave the train at Newman, N. M., twenty miles north of El Paso.

"It arranged that," said Ratner.

"Now I am sorry that I did. General Huerta wanted to alight from the coach at the union station, but I thought the arrival would attract too large a crowd and that he would be tired shaking hands and talking, so I advised getting off at Newman."

the necessity for a reconciliation in the interests of peace. President Wilson is still hopeful that they will come to an agreement and for the present is awaiting an outcome of the informal efforts on the part of the Mexicans to solve the situation. The trip to Vera Cruz is Charles A. Douglas, legal advisor to Gen. Carranza, may have an important bearing on Carranza's attitude. Douglas left here well informed on the determination of the United States to insist on an early settlement by the Mexican factions of the troubles.

### Huerta Denies Charge.

El Paso, June 27.—It was a weary man that stepped from the automobile that had just carried him from Fort Bliss to the home of his daughter tonight. Nevertheless, General Huerta walked briskly into the house, partook of a belated dinner.

As the deposed president of the southern republic talked he reclined in an easy chair and puffed a cigarette. J. R. Ratner acted as interpreter.

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## WACO MORNING NEWS

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Any erroneous reflection upon the character, standing or reputation of any person, firm or corporation which may appear in the columns of the Morning News will be gladly corrected upon its being brought to the attention of the manager.

## MORE JUDGES NEEDED.

In view of the fact that the calendar of the supreme court of Texas is congested to the point where the members of that tribunal are considerably behind with their work—and it is known that they are doing the best they can to meet the demands made upon them—we are persuaded the people of the state will do well in voting for the proposed constitutional amendment July 24 which seeks to increase the number of judges on that court from three to five.

As long as the population of the state was small and litigation was not great, three members of the court of last resort were able to pass upon all appeals reaching that tribunal. But now that the population has greatly increased, the number of courts from which appeals are taken has expanded, and the number of cases reaching the highest court in the state has increased enormously, the three judges provided for originally are unable to cope with the situation, decisions in important cases are being greatly delayed and the ends of justice defeated.

Experience has demonstrated that increasing business demands increased help in the handling of that business, and the same principle applies as truly to the courts as it does to a commercial institution. The growth of the business of the United States supreme court has demanded, in times past, the increase in the numbers of that high tribunal. Every state with a population as large as that of Texas has more than five members on its court of last resort, and many states whose populations are less than that of this state have more than five. Texas has only three.

If there is any place where we should expect efficient, accurate and reasonably expeditious work it is in the higher courts of the land. For the best work to be done by them they must have a sufficient number of judges to thoroughly investigate each case coming before them, consider the various angles bearing upon the issue at stake, and distribute the labor of writing the numerous decisions.

The addition of two more judges to the supreme court would be an investment in both economy and efficiency for justice cannot be had where cases are delayed in the courts for several years through the inability of the courts to promptly dispose of them.

The Morning News has been favored with copies of "Soldiers and Their Deeds," a booklet by W. Straley, editor of the Hico News-Review. While it specializes on sketches of Confederate veterans living in Hamilton county, it contains, also, a number of general articles of interest about some of the prominent veterans of other sections and sketches of some of the more important battles of the Civil war. The book is the product of Editor Straley's press and in this respect, as in others, it is a creditable production.

While people in some parts of the world are worrying about the spots in the sun, we in Texas are mostly concerned because the sun is shining upon this state with all its force and not merely limiting itself to a few spots. With 100 degrees in the shade we are tempted to wish that some cool spots might develop on the sun, or at least that the sun would permit some cool spots to be developed here.

The Dallas Times-Herald advises that the farmers of that county are working by moonlight. But whether this is because they are so rushed or that they merely want to escape the heat of the day we are not informed.

## PREPARE TO HOLD COTTON.

That was a very timely warning sent out to cotton growers and business men of the cotton growing section of this country by the state department a few days ago, through Cone Johnson, solicitor, urging the farmers to prepare to store as large portion of the new cotton crop as possible. Cotton is at a fairly reasonable price at present, but that price is sure to fall if the new crop is rushed upon the market as cotton usually is. Unless the unexpected should happen, the price to the farmer will fall to where it was during the larger part of last season, if not lower, if the usual course of marketing is pursued. All of which means disaster to the grower. And what is disastrous to the grower is disastrous in a large measure to the various business interests on which the cotton growers depend for their supplies.

Describing the condition in the principal European countries that consume American cotton, Mr. Johnson says:

"I am told by cotton exporters that Great Britain has already purchased of last year's crop an unusual supply and this will be augmented by the large amount of cotton which Great Britain is proceeding to take over under the so-called cotton arrangements, relating to shipments of cotton after March 1 upon contracts that have been entered into prior to that date.

When the new crop begins to move,

Great Britain will probably be found with quite a large supply on hand.

Many of the spindles in France, I understand, are rendered idle; shipments to the neutral countries of Europe will be difficult through delays and detentions, while the markets of Germany, Austria and Turkey will be shut out if the British order in council remains."

And there is every indication that the order in council will remain, at least as long as England possesses the power to enforce it. In addition to Liverpool being well stocked with cotton, there is no prospect for the early restoration of normal business conditions; there is a prospect for a large cotton yield in America again this year, some of the other cotton producing countries of the world have increased their acreage this year, and it is estimated that this country will carry over 3,500,000 bales of the old crop. With all these factors operating against the demand for the new supply of cotton the price will inevitably be small, it appears, if the yield of this country is anything like normal, and the only solution to the situation seems to be adequate preparation for holding the crop so that it can be preserved from deterioration and marketed gradually as the demand of the market will justify.

The "Yellow Juvenile" also has an untiring critic and foe in the boy-scout movement, which heartily sanctions and promotes circulation of books of a virile, clean type such as will interest a boy in sport, adventure, clash of moral ideas and heroic living. Following this policy the boy scout organization has its major and minor librarians and its book-distributing machinery. It is equally vigilant in its activities against the vicious, sensational or flabby tale; and is aiding effectively in co-operative efforts to make such publications unprofitable because unbought. To this end the national librarian of the boy scout movement addressed the recent annual national conference of book-sellers, and he laid before them some of their moral responsibilities as sellers of books. His words were candid and seem to have been taken aright.

A local bookseller can make his shop the ally of church, school and home in their best estates, or he can let it become a radial point for influences that make for youthful shortcomings and race degeneracy. Moral neutrality in such a business with boys and girls as customers is out of the question. The shop is either a bane or a blessing. Its proprietor is a friend or an enemy of virtue and refinement. He puts millstones about the necks of little ones, or he guides their feet into the paths of truth and honor.

These are dark days for the allies, and they are now at the crisis of their fortunes. The situation has not looked so black for them since the German armies seemed about to capture Paris, declares the Baltimore Sun.

Their admitted shortage of ammunition gives it an even gloomier aspect than it would wear simply as the result of German triumph in Galicia. But even if the British succeed in the next month or two in replenishing their ammunition chests, it would be foolish to minimize the German-Austrian operations in the east, either as military achievements or as moral influences.

The campaign which has just resulted in the recapture of Lemberg was masterly in conception and execution, and will go down in military annals as a magnificent demonstration of strategy as well as of organization. As to what will happen next, onlookers can only speculate. Warsaw, for which the Germans have been hungering since the beginning of the war, will, it is intimated, be the next point of attack, and it would not be surprising if the Polish city, which has several times seemed almost within their grasp, should at length fall into their hands.

But will the Teutonic forces be satisfied with driving the Russians out of Galicia and with the occupation of Warsaw? Will they press their advantage against the Russians while the latter are still more or less demoralized and carry the war into the czar's own country, with the purpose of forcing him to conclude a separate peace? Or will they be content to keep a sufficient force on his borders to hold him in check, and transfer a huge army to the west and attempt a smashing blow in France and Bel-

gium? Or will they first settle their little affair with Italy?

In a short time we will know which it is to be, but whichever it is, the allies cannot but await the onset with a considerable degree of misgiving, no matter where it occurs.

The next month or two will write some very decisive chapters in the history of the war. If the allies can continue to hold their own in the west and can prevent Russia from getting "cold feet," they will probably be in a stronger position than Germany at the end of the summer campaign. The latter is putting forth all her strength now, and she has gained successes of the most important character. But her work is not half done, and if she gets no farther than she is at present, she can scarcely fail to feel and show the effects of her tremendous exertions. If she does not succeed this summer in breaking up the alliance against her, or in breaking through the allied armies in Franco-Belgian territory, her enemies can draw a long breath of relief and can feel fresh confidence in the result.

But this is the crucial period of the struggle for them, and the question is, Can they stand up against the blows which are soon to fall on them?

## BOYS AND GIRLS AND THEIR BOOKS.

Responsibility for writing, printing and selling "juveniles" is a burden not to be scoffed at, ignored or underestimated by authors, publishers or bookshop keepers, says the Christian Science Monitor. The demand of youth for new books is constant and keen, more so than most persons realize, but demonstrably so, as school "surveys," librarians' testimony and publishers' figures as to circulation will show any skeptic. That this demand is as large as it used to be, relatively, or that it is as large as it will be later, may be questioned, for the "motion picture" now satisfies the reader that expected his story to meet his craving for sensationalism somewhat better than do the cheap nickel and dime novel. This form of cheap literature is not selling as it once did. Men who formerly made large incomes writing it are now in many cases out of work. There is more likelihood of selling a first-class motion picture scenario than a "thriller" dime novel; but even this has its risks, owing to a censorship that becomes more rather than less rigorous, and that reflects a demand of society that the cinema shall not debase the children of the world while entertaining them.

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## FAITHFULNESS URGED UPON NEW CHRISTIANS

## CONFIRMATION SERVICES HELD AT SCANDINAVIAN LUTHERAN CHURCH.

## FOUR MEMBERS IN THE CLASS

Taking Text From Miracle of Loaves and Fishes, Pastor Tells of God's Great Love.

terrible temptations. Remember then Christ's great love for you and think of the touching question, "Would ye also go away?" Think of the many confirmants who profess faith in Christ and yet go back and walk no longer with Him. Will ye also go away? Will ye also be found in other questionable places of amusement? When tempted to 'go away,' what answer will you give? What answer do you consider proper? That you may not hesitate when the time comes let us stop now and consider the proper answer to this question of our Redeemer.

When Jesus asked the twelve apostles this question, Peter answered, "Lord, to whom shall we go?"

"There was no one else at that time, no one had appeared before, no one will ever appear as Savior, for there is no other name given under heaven whereby we may be saved. To whom then shall we go if we walk no more with Jesus?"

"To whom shall we go when our conscience accuses us? There is no one else beside Christ, the true Bread of Life who came down from heaven.

"This claim of Jesus, that when He came down from heaven offended the Jews, the Jewish Nazarens whose parents they knew claimed for Himself divine origin was unsavory to them. Alas,

there are many also in our day who reject the divinity of Jesus.

And is it to be wondered at when you consider how many teach this false doctrine in more or less veiled form?

When the authors of this heresy are confronted with the word of God they say, "O well Jesus Christ is a good moralist." When asked to explain how a person brought up in the Christian religion acts different, thinks different and feels different from one who is not a Christian they say, "The power of early education, association and environment is great. It is admitted that the power of association and environment is great. Take the man out of the gutter and the despised and fallen woman of the street and give them the gospel of Jesus Christ and watch it create wonders.

"If the power of association and environment is great in the Christian, ought it not be great also in the ungodly? Christ with His gospel takes the man out of the gutter and makes him a church member and takes the despised and fallen woman of the street and transforms her into a Christian mother, and when infidels are confronted with Christ's miracles they have a sense of wonder, face as it may be, surely you are not so innocent as to believe such old fables as that, and try to explain the miracles of Christ, but to believe their explanations is a far greater strain upon the mind than to believe that Christ performed His works of divine power.

Christ is himself the greatest miracle.

"Observe the history of Christianity.

The founder, Jesus of Nazareth, was born in a manger, reared in a carpenter's shop, denied what the world

could call an education and meeting with tremendous opposition and severe persecution. His religion has spread until thousands upon thousands take His name reverently upon their lips. Simon Peter had many faults but he believed in the Lord Jesus Christ and God counted his faith unto him for righteousness.

"How could we do than to follow the example of Simon Peter—that stalwart pioneer of Christianity—and follow Christ in His Christian privileges and advantages will not save.

"Christ told His followers the truth.

They said, "This is our Lord and Master." He said, "And many of His disciples went back and walked no more with Him."

It is painful to hear Christian to hear of the defection of Christ's enemies. It cuts the heart to see sinners sin and trample the gospel of grace under their feet. But we cannot expect anything better of them for the god of this world hath blinded their minds.

"But here in our text we are told that of Christ's disciples many went back and walked no more with Him.

They had been drawn to Jesus, had separated themselves from the world, had associated with Jesus, had been the object of joy to angels and God's children, and yet went back from Christ's gospel back to the world and perdition.

"It is sad indeed, but Jesus had spoken the truth and it was a hard saying." It was a hard saying also to the twelve apostles who had left all and followed Him, and they were tempted to go back again by evil example set by others. Then it is that Jesus in His infinite kindness asks, "Would ye also go away?" Jesus knew beforehand what the answer would be but out of tender regard their welfare He puts the question in order to draw from them a definite confession and thus strengthen and increase their faith. It was a very decisive hour in their lives.

"My dear friends of the confirmation class, this is a decisive hour in your lives. Much will depend upon how you keep the promises you make now. You are happy now, but you are throbbering with joy and filled with gladness. You are grateful to your Sunday school instructors who have labored so earnestly and conscientiously with you. You feel grateful to others who have aided in your instruction throughout the past year. We have made you feel that we are your friends. You feel grateful to your parents who have given you sympathy and encouragement. Most of all we are grateful to God who has held His protecting hand over you, has given you health and strength, and guarded you and your loved ones. Now therefore you could say to others and yourself over and over again 'How kind God has been to me.'

"In the time of Luther a man engaged in building himself a large house fell down from the eable, but strangely escaped any injury. He came then to Luther praising and glorifying God for having spared him.

Luther said to him, "Surely God has done greater things to prove His love for you. Think of the suffering of Christ for you have never heard

me give thanks for that."

"It is right that you should feel grateful to God for He has been especially good to you. He has given you special advantages. You have been born of Christian parents, in a Christian country, you have received Christian education. You are about to confirm publicly the promise you made in baptism—faith in the Triune God. You have a Christian congregation with the means of grace in your midst. Your estimation of this will multiply with your years."

"But all this is but one incident as evidence of God's great love. Think of the sacrifice of Christ that you might be happy for ever. Ought you not always feel grateful to God? O that you would but remain faithful to Christ and ever walk with Him. O that you would always remain loyal to the Christian principles indicated during your instruction. But also when you are tempted and sonly tried. The sun now shines so brightly into your lives. Then you will see that 'all is not gold that glitters.' Now the whole land seems before them and yet the world will sneer and shrug their shoulders when you try to live as Christ did. Then His words will seem 'hard sayings.'

"Perhaps you will even experience that your dearest friends go back and walk no longer with Jesus. These are

ICE  
THE USE OF  
Our Coupon Book

Means MORE ICE for the same money. Consequently, this book, in many families, stands for the difference between an insufficient, unsatisfactory daily allowance of ice and PLENTY OF ICE FOR ALL PURPOSES.

It offers to bridge that same gap for you. Buy a book and try it out. All of our drivers have them for sale.

## Big Four Ice &amp; Cold Storage Co.

The Only Ice Plant in Waco Owned and Operated Solely by Waco Capital.

BOTH PHONES NO. 4

BEFORE  
and AFTER

## DAVID IS DISCUSSED IN MORNING SERMON

REV. JOHN R. MORRIS PREACHES ON "MAN AFTER GOD'S OWN HEART."

## GREAT IN SIN AND REPENTANCE

Given Choice of Famine, War or Pestilence as Punishment Isrealite King Chooses the Letter.

Rev. John R. Morris, pastor of the Fifth Street Methodist church, preached yesterday morning on David, the famous king of Israel. He took as his text, "And David said unto God, I am in a great strait; let us fall now into the hand of the Lord, for his mercies are great; and let me not fall into the hand of man." — 2 Samuel 24:15. He said, in part:

"King David, actuated by motives of pride and ambition, took the census of Israel and Judah. For this he was condemned and tried, for he had sinned and failed, for David wished to advertise himself as king of the greatest nation on earth. Like Jeshurun, he waxed fat and kicked and thought that with his 1,300,000 soldiers he could whip the armies of the world.

"That he had no thoughts of the spiritual and economic benefits of a census is revealed in his confession when he said, 'I have sinned greatly in that I have done—I have done very foolishly.' Yet he had sown and he must reap. It is the inevitable and inviolable law of God.

### True Nature of David.

The spirit in which he met his punishment discloses the true character of the man and reveals the reason why he was named a man after God's own heart. But, says one, he was an adulterer and a murderer! No one denies it. But to clear up the matter, I submit, God's absolute prerogative to condemn a man. And this is the distinction, whatever it admits of.

"In the second place, the choice of God was limited to sinners, 'for all have sinned and come short of the glory of God.' So if he said any man was man after his own heart he was compelled to say it of a sinner.

"Put God's idea of sin is different from man's idea of it. With him 'sin is the transgression of the law.' 'All unrighteousness is sin.'

"Man qualifies and modifies. Some sins are condoned in men and condemned in women. The man may be passed up but the woman is passed out for the same sin.

"We class and grade sins from the standpoint of society. To sin against social customs is often considered worse than sinning against God. It helps, 'Profanity may be bad,' say some.

"We know it is bad in the presence of ladies and will not let it go unpunished! Profaning the name of Deity is a matter of small moment, but you must not swear within the hearing of our women folk. Social customs out-ranks God Almighty. Sin against society from society's point of view is like the sin against the Holy Ghost. It hath all the fixin's—by society.

The Almighty brushes aside this finery, superficial and self-centered position and says, 'All unrighteousness is sin. Transgression of my law is sin.'

"David had transgressed this law and was a sinner just as every one is regardless of the distinctions of society. Wherein then was he not after God's own heart? The answer may be given in a word. He had the true conception of what it is to sin against God. If he was a great sinner, he was a great penitent. If he sinned greatly, he deeply repented, not because of an offense against society, but because he had wounded a loving Father's heart.

"Hear him: 'Against thee only have I sinned and done this evil in thy sight.'

**Severe Soul Agony.**

"The severe soul agony told on the physical man when he was suddenly unpenitent: 'When I kept silence my bones grew old . . . Day and night thy hand was heavy upon me. My moisture is turned into the drought of summer.'

"His supreme utterance is found when lashed by the knowledge of his sin like a dog whipped to its kennel, he comes to the altar of an offended God and says, a broken and a contrite heart—a broken and contrite heart.

A broken and contrite heart, O God, thou will not despise. Penitence was never deeper and a truer statement of the merciful character of God was never made. Thus if God chose a man who could develop into a great sinner. He at the same time chose one who could and did have the true conception of what it is to sin against Him and Him only.

"The text is but a further revelation of David's character. He had sinned and he must reap. Possibly, because he was a man after God's own heart he was allowed to choose his own punishment. He must take one of three things: famine, war or pestilence.

"By statesmanship and wealth he

## IN SUCH PAIN WOMAN CRIED

Suffered Everything Until Restored to Health by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Florence, So. Dakota.—"I used to be very sick every month with bearing down pains and backache, and had a headache a good deal of the time and very little appetite. The pains were so bad that I used to sit right down on the floor and cry, because it hurt me so and I could not do any work at those times. An old woman advised me to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and I got a bottle. I felt better the next month so I took three more bottles of it and got well so I could work all the time. I hope every woman who suffers like I did will try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound." — Mrs. P. W. LANSING, Box 8, Alyn, Wash.

Why will women continue to suffer day in and day out or drag out a sickly, half-hearted existence, missing three-fourths of the joy of living, when they can find health in Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound?

For thirty years it has been the standard remedy for female ills, and has restored the health of thousands of women who have been troubled with such ailments as displacements, inflammation, ulceration, tumors, irregularities, etc.

If you want special advice write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential) Lynn, Mass. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman and held in strict confidence.

might have modified the rigor of famine. At its worst it need not have reached the wealthy king. But he did not choose famine.

**David as a Warrior.**

"As to war, David was a warrior and could have fought his enemies. And though God assured him he would defeat his enemies he could not conduct them to victory in the history of battles with his more than a million men. A general may be great in retreat as well as in attack. At worst he could have shut himself up in the city whose walls had resisted sieges successfully for eighteen months. This was to last but three months. But David did not choose war.

"He chose pestilence, for this would visit all alike, king and peasant. His riches could not buy one breath of pure air. Though immured within walls that could resist an army's strength, they could not exclude the death laden air. Into the very bed chamber of the king it could come and would come and David knew it. Then it was that the greatness of the man stood out: 'Let us fall into the hand of God,' he said, and chose pestilence.

Then the pestilence began. For three days the grim reaper worked from door to door. Seven thousand men paid the toll of death. The angel of destruction stretched out his arm over Jerusalem and David, bleeding in heart for his own sin and the sins of his people, stepped into the breach, as a type of Him who would come later, and said to his God: 'Lo, I have sinned, and I have done wickedly, but when I sleep, what have they done? They have laid their hands upon me and against my father's house.'

and the angel lowered his sword by the threshing-place of Araunah the Jebusite. God had heard the man after His own heart."

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**Gospel Teams From the Y. M. C. A. Hold Two Good Services**

Two successful services at Waco churches were conducted last night by Gospel Teams from the Young Men's Christian Association. Prominent business men of the city were the speakers. At the Central Presbyterian church speeches were made along the line of what Christianity means to business by C. A. Boynton and D. P. Wallace. The Y. M. C. A. quartet, composed of E. W. Hander, J. B. Poteet, J. H. Barron and S. R. Hanks, sang several selections. The services at the Columbus street Baptist church were in the hands of another Gospel Team from the Y. M. C. A. Here B. H. Hill, J. A. Richards and Dr. J. T. Harrington were the speakers.

Several more services will be conducted by the Gospel teams in the various churches of the city, after which trips will be made to towns and school houses near Waco. The services of the Gospel Teams are designed to appeal especially to young people.

## POWER OF CHURCH NOT FULLY REALIZED

SO DECLARES REV. H. H. STREET IN SERMON AT PROVIDENT HEIGHTS CHURCH.

## STORY OF PETER USED FOR TEXT

Through Co-operation Much More Can Be Done Than by Individual Efforts.

The power of the church and the duty of Christians to it was discussed yesterday by Rev. H. H. Street, pastor of the Provident Heights Baptist church.

He took as his text Acts xiii:5, "Peter therefore was kept in prison; but his prayer was made without ceasing, by the church, unto God, for him." He said in part:

"This story is one of the notable ones of Scripture. Read the first seventeen verses of the chapter. Herod was persecuting Christians. He had just put one of their best beloved to the sword, and now he takes their leader. Conditions cause him to keep Peter in prison for a few days. This gives the church its occasion, and they use well. All hope of escape for Peter was cut off. Officers were holding him in prison, but there was no natural means by which they could look. But the Christians had faith in Jehovah, and direct to Him they go."

We have not half realized the power of the church. We are not giving it legitimate opportunity. It is not appreciated. Note, first, some benefits of being a member of the church. Some people see none. They say: 'It is all well to be outside.'

"Suppose, for any reason, Peter had gone out of the church just previous to this time. Would the church have felt called upon to pray, ceaselessly, for him? The interceding church is a mighty power. No believer can afford to put himself outside its protection. In Virginia one old negro lost his membership in the church where I was pastoring. His piety was undoubted. He said when he arrived at church late, if they were praying he always tried to get his head inside. For, said he, 'They always pray for all in the house, or some such expression. I want to have my share in that.'

"God's promises are to His church. Indeed the spirit which warmly animates every Christian is derived almost entirely from most of the promised blessings. Disregard of the church, and disrespect for it, are serious. An orphan need not go to the bad. He has many chances to grow to real manliness. But there are innumerable benefits to the boy who is in a well regulated family that never come to the orphan. The greater number of the benefits provided for His people in His church.

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"Second, some ways in which we can be beneficial through the church. First, the spirit of brotherhood and members in particular. Let there be no division in the body: 'Mark them which cause divisions among you, and avoid them.' Inharmony is seriously harmful in His sight. His church is His body. The body is for use. My real self performs by means of my body. My real self directs my body. If my body were so mutilated as to be unusable, my real self need not be before he exists. But a complete, healthy body is greatly beneficial, or ought to be. Were my hand diseased and the doctor examined it for amputation, but found that he could save one finger, I should be glad to have that. One finger is of large practical value—when you can do no better, it ought to do what a complete hand should do. And this is one Christian standing alone, ever against a church, complete, equipped.

"Again, a strong man may lift many pounds with only his body. If there are no devices for lifting large business of such character may be carried on by hand. But no one thinks of doing the great works where life is the main thing by hand. Pulleys, levers, hydraulic devices are so very much more suited to the necessities.

"For carrying forward the works of Christ, his church furnishes the improved machinery. And he who stands aloof is mightily hindering, but hurts himself worst of all.

"I can do many and great things for Christ, and in His name for my fellows, without joining hands with others. But my reach is the reach of one who loves Him, and loves to serve Him. I multiply myself many fold and reach around the world.

"Alone I can touch few places of need. Relieve few sufferers. Make little impress on the vast needy situation. Properly connected we can do what is to be done. Alone I can lift, at best, pounds; properly connected we can lift the race back to God.

"Second, in the Moral field for which the people brought their contributions in common. The New Testament also directs that we move together in service. I have seen good men detract from their church, and their less fortunate brethren by serving or contributing in such way as to put self forward conspicuously when they should have all along. In the church that is Unbiblical amounts are attributed annually to the work of Christ that His church is entitled to credit for, but doesn't get. There is no way to get it. And this applies as well to service rendered.

"My contribution must go in the name of my church. Let the little orphan girl who is a member with me be fully benefited and not of the fact that our church did this and thus. And thus alone can we have fruit upon every field. Wherever our workers reach I have my little co-operative part in results.

"Prayer is an effective means, open to every lover of Christ. It may be that one is truly unable to contribute money. Another may be truly unable to render service, as teaching or other personal aid. But who that loves Him cannot be fellow helpers by prayer? This church at Jerusalem was a mighty instrument at this time. But nothing that they did or received is open to us.

"Troubles and trials are upon Christians today. But prayer, without ceasing, unto God, by the church, will bring us off more than conquerors."

—

When a 12-inch shell strikes the water it throws up a splash higher than a battleship's mast. This splash weighs about 2,000 tons, enough to

## Save the Babies.

**INFANT MORTALITY** is something frightful. We can hardly realize that of all the children born in civilized countries, twentytwo per cent, or nearly one-quarter, die before they reach one year; thirtyseven per cent, or more than one-third, before they are five, and one-half before they are fifteen!

We do not hesitate to say that a timely use of Castoria would save a majority of these precious lives. Neither do we hesitate to say that many of these infantile deaths are occasioned by the use of narcotic preparations. Drops, tinctures and soothing syrups sold for children's complaints contain more or less opium, or morphine. They are, in considerable quantities, deadly poisons. In any quantity they stupefy, retard circulation and lead to congestions, sickness, death. Castoria operates exactly the reverse, but you must see that it bears the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. Castoria causes the blood to circulate properly, opens the pores of the skin and allays fever.

## Letters from Prominent Physicians addressed to Chas. H. Fletcher.

Dr. A. F. Peeler, of St. Louis, Mo., says: "I have prescribed your Castoria in many cases and have always found it an efficient and speedy remedy."

Dr. Frederick D. Rogers, of Chicago, Ill., says: "I have found Fletcher's Castoria very useful in the treatment of children's complaints."

Dr. William C. Bloomer, of Cleveland, Ohio, says: "In my practice I am glad to recommend your Castoria, knowing it is perfectly harmless and always satisfactory."

Dr. E. Down, of Philadelphia, Pa., says: "I have prescribed your Castoria in my practice for many years with great satisfaction to myself and benefit to my patients."

Dr. Edward Parrish, of Brooklyn, N. Y., says: "I have used your Castoria in my own household with good results, and have advised several patients to use it for its mild laxative effect and freedom from harm."

Dr. J. B. Elliott, of New York City, says: "Having during the past six years prescribed your Castoria for infantile stomach disorders, I most heartily commend its use. The formula contains nothing deleterious to the most delicate of children."

Dr. C. G. Sprague, of Omaha, Neb., says: "Your Castoria is an ideal medicine for children, and I frequently prescribe it. While I do not advocate the indiscriminate use of proprietary medicines, yet Castoria is an exception for conditions which arise in the care of children."

Dr. J. A. Parker, of Kansas City, Mo., says: "Your Castoria holds the esteem of the medical profession in a manner held by no other proprietary preparation. It is a sure and reliable medicine for infants and children. In fact, it is the universal household remedy for infantile ailments."

Dr. H. F. Merrill, of Augusta, Me., says: "Castoria is one of the very finest and most remarkable remedies for infants and children. In my opinion your Castoria has saved thousands from an early grave. I can furnish hundreds of testimonials from this locality as to its efficiency and merits."

## GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS Bears the Signature of

*Chas. H. Fletcher.*

The Kind You Have Always Bought

In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Exact Copy of Wrapper.

## To Continue Revival For Another Week at the First Baptist

## Clay Street Baptist Revival to Continue; 28 Additions Sunday

"The Father's Step" was the subject of a sin-converting sermon preached by Rev. J. M. Dawson, pastor of the First Baptist church, in the revival service yesterday morning before a magnificent audience that filled the auditorium. From the very first a spiritual atmosphere dominated the congregation which made the sermon a more powerful one, as shown by the large number who by an ocular demonstration said that they wished to live and that their hearts craved a victorious life. A duet singer, Mr. William Morrow and Mrs. E. E. Thompson, entitled "Love Divine," was enjoyed by all present. Prof. J. M. Evans of Baylor led the singing.

The pastor praised the efforts of the church members and the splendid co-operation of the ushers which have contributed much toward the success of the revival. Those whom he especially commended were the pianists, Mrs. Wilson and Miss Annie Daniel.

Taking the trying words of Jesus in the Garden of Gethsemane, "He went a little farther and fell on his face and said, Father if it be possible let this cup pass from me, nevertheless, Thy will, not mine, be done," Dr. Dawson said that the narrative in the first clause illustrated a great principle. We are first to understand that this cup is the cup of sorrow and also that the Master is here engaged in conflict the like of which has never been experienced.

"But the agony of this prayer," said the pastor, "Christ gained a signal victory in spirit and it is very significant that he went a little farther to undergo this supreme agony."

There were twelve additions yesterday, which makes a total of more than sixty since the revival began. With the ordinances of baptism which were tendered at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon a total of thirty had been baptized and there are a number to receive the ordinance soon. On account of the growing interest in the meeting and the continued benefits derived, the church thought it best to continue the revival for a third week.

Marconi, who helped make Italy famous by his invention of wireless telegraphy, has been called to the colors. He is an officer in the engineering corps. How long after Italy's recovery from the war will she be making equal contribution to the arts of peace?

CASTORIA For Infants and Children. The Kind You Have Always Bought. Bears the signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*.</p

## T. N. B. L. PROGRAM FOR TEMPLE MEETING

NEGRO BUSINESS MEN OF STATE  
WILL HOLD NINTH ANNUAL  
SESSION JULY 5 AND 6.

General Matters Affecting Future and  
Welfare of Race in Texas Will  
Be Discussed.

The program for the ninth annual session of the Texas Negro Business League, to be held at the Knights of Pythias hall at Temple July 5 and 6, has been announced by R. L. Smith, president, of Waco, and H. L. Price, secretary, of Palestine, as follows:

**Morning Session, 10 A. M., Monday.**

Oeping remarks, President R. L. Smith.

Scripture reading and invocation, Rev. J. S. Slaughter.

Address of welcome, Rev. Father P. A. Heckman.

Reports of secretary, treasurer and organizer.

Reports of the work of local leagues by delegates.

Annual address, President R. L. Smith.

**Afternoon Session, 3 P. M.**

Devotional exercises, Rev. A. J. McPherson.

The Relation of Banking to Business, R. C. Smith, president Waco Colored Business association.

General discussion, opened by E. M. Griggs.

What Local League Can Do to Help the Race, President F. F. Stone of Temple.

General discussion, opened by R. S. Watson, Hillsboro.

**Night Session, 8 P. M.**

(Eight Street Baptist Church.) Remarks by president local league, Dr. F. F. Stone.

Music, choir.

Prayer, Rev. Joseph Wilson, Jr.

Music, instrumental, Miss M. E. Brumley.

Welcome address on behalf of churches, Rev. C. W. Franklin.

Solo, E. P. Patterson.

Welcome address on behalf of colored citizens, Prof. L. J. Lequey.

The Millinery Business—Its Ups and Downs, Mrs. A. L. Branford, Temple.

General discussion, Mrs. Perry Boyd and Mrs. R. L. Smith.

Quartette, female voices.

Address of welcome, Col. P. L. Downs, active vice president First National bank.

Response to welcome address, Hon. W. E. King, editor Dallas Express, Dallas.

Music, choir.

Reading, Miss L. L. Durham.

Introduction of president, Dr. R. E. Holland.

Address, Should Negro Fraternal Orders Deposit With Negro Banks, Hon. W. M. McDonald, Fort Worth.

**Second Day—Morning Session, 9:30 A. M.**

Devotional exercises, Rev. Joseph Wilson, Jr.

General discussion, What Will Colored Groceries Do to Meet the New Form of Competition in the Shape of Chain Stores? Opened by H. W. Scott of Dallas and S. J. Chestnut of Corsicana.

What Is the Outlook for Fraternal and Other Forms of Insurance Among the Colored People? W. S. Williams of Waco.

General discussion, opened by F. T. Perkins of Houston.

Negro Corporations in Texas, Their Need, R. D. Evans, attorney, Waco.

General discussion, S. J. Williams, Palestine.

**Afternoon Session, 3 P. M.**

Scripture lesson, Rev. C. W. Curtis.

Invocation, Rev. J. E. Edwards.

The Negro Drug Stores—Its Possibilities, Dr. J. W. Friday.

The Negro Publisher—His Trials and Triumphs, H. H. Webster.

The Negro Real Estate Dealer, J. W. Friday, Dallas.

The Negro Farmer—Can He Get Out of the Hole? S. C. Porter, Pelham.

The Negro Undertaker, Jack Dawson, Temple.

The Negro Racket Store, R. C. Houston, Fort Worth.

**Sensible Marketing Urged.**

Temple, June 27.—A. B. Crouch of this city is in receipt of a letter from J. C. Burke, representative of a large St. Louis grain concern, who is now in Paris, France, stating that European countries are now waiting for the new American grain crop and if it is dumped on the market en masse the markets there are certain to break and crumble under the pressure. The foreign governments are sole buyers for their respective countries and recall to the consumer at a loss. Unless an intelligent system of marketing is employed the American producer stands to incur a heavy loss.

## Food Values

depend upon what the food supplies to the body.

Bodyandbrain—particularly the latter—need certain elements often lacking in one's every-day diet.

Among these elements is the brain and nerve building phosphate of potash, not the kind that you buy at the drug store, but the true organic form as grown in the field grains, wheat and barley.

## Grape-Nuts FOOD

is scientifically processed to supply all the nutrition of the grain, combining delicious flavor and those important mineral values which are absolutely necessary for the upbuilding of well-balanced physical and mental strength.

"There's a Reason" for Grape-Nuts

sold by Grocers everywhere.

## AT THE HIPPODROME



Scene from Williamson Submarine Pictures at the Hippodrome Today, Tomorrow and Wednesday.

## THEATRES

### HIPPODROME.

#### Program for Week.

Today, Tuesday and Wednesday, Williamson's Submarine Pictures. Added attraction Wednesday only, "The Man Who Came Back." Special picture for Modern Woodmen.

Thursday—Billy Sunday in motion pictures. Also "The Fruit of Folly," eleventh complete story in the "Who Pays?" series.

Friday and Saturday—Bessie Barriscale and Arthur Maude in "The Reward," Thomas H. Ince Mutual masterpiece.

Taking Pictures on Bottom of Ocean at Midnight.

Would you like to have your picture taken on the bottom of the ocean at midnight so you can give your friends aocular proof of your daring and temerity and danger?

It can be done as you will see by attending the Hippodrome theater today, tomorrow and Wednesday when the Universal Film company presents the brilliant and astonishing Williamson submarine motion pictures.

First, if you want such a portrait with Ernest, George Williamson for the use of their father's patented collapsible submarine tube and of their own invention of the submerged photographic chamber which attached to the bottom of the tube, moves about on the floor of the ocean.

Then you must get a photographer to go down the tube and wait in the iron photographic sphere until the hour of midnight, when they appear before the great circle of thick glass in one end of the chamber to pose for him.

If you are a good diver you can do it if the depth is not too great, but naturally you will not give the photographer a lengthy sitting. If you don't mind being made to look like a monster and want a long exposure of a second or so to show each detail, you will don a diver's suit in which to pose.

How does the photographer know when you are ready to have him snap you? That's easy, he sees you all the time.

The lights have the same effect on the denizens of the deep that the proverbial candle has for earth or the white lights of Broadway have for the human mites that flutter up and down that highway. The Williamson pictures show hundreds of fish swimming exclusively about the lights, and the picture of the expedition doing a tango in honor of this new sun which descends into the depths of the ocean.

The film discloses many beautiful absorbing and thrilling scenes and adventures on the floor of the world, such as coral reefs, sunken and petrifying wrecks of ships, deep sea diver hunting lost treasure, shark fishing, sponge great sharks and a sensational combat between Ernest Williamson and a hammerhead shark thirty to sixty feet under water. No such film as this has ever been seen before because none like it could be taken till the Willamsons made their submarine inventions.

"The Reward."

Much has been written of the chorus girls' smiles and a lot has been said of the sorrow that lies behind her smile. No one knows the heartaches that she may feel though the smile appears sincere; that is, if the chorus girl in question is the right sort.

"The Reward," a Thomas H. Ince feature, is a Mutual masterpiece with Bessie Barriscale and Arthur Maude showing at the Hippodrome Friday and Saturday, which is an absorbing tale graphically portrayed of a chorus girl's struggle against poverty and the easiest way.

It is the story of a girl who wanted to do right and of a man who dared her to do wrong and who tried to prevail upon her to see the folly of her course.

The plotting and counter-plotting, the heroism and final triumph depicted in "The Reward" has been pictured as only possible by Ince, the wizard of the screen.

Bessie Barriscale, whose exceptional interpretation in hard roles assigned her in "The Cup of Life" and "The Devil" together with her serious and refined beauty have made her one of the favorites in photoplay land. The typical adventuress is not the only role she has pictured as evidenced in "The Reward," in which she appears in a character totally different. She has the rare faculty of being able to make convincing the woman who chooses the wrong path from mistaken motives or is drawn into evil by the crossing of circumstances. Miss Barriscale is small and girlish with highly curly, red-brown hair, a luminous skin and big, expressive black eyes. Her exquisite beauty photographs strikingly. It is said that her throat is the most beautiful on the screen. Her work in masterpieces has been that of an accomplished actress and her refined personality generally enhances the exceptionally high quality of the plays in which she stars.

"This is the chief of police's office?"

A woman's voice shrilled determinedly over the phone yesterday afternoon. "Sure," said Chief McNamara. "Well, I want you to bring two or three policemen down here and kill some snakes under my house," came the snakes again. "I think there's a den of them under my house, and I want them killed."

Upon being questioned as to the locality of her house, the woman said she lived just two blocks south of the city limit, back of the Gurley place.

Chief McNamara assured her that it would be the height of his delight to accommodate her, but that snake-killing was a little out of his line, and beside he had no authority to go outside the city limits. He referred her to the sheriff's department.

—o—

Chas. Parker

Special summer courses in Cornet,

Embome and Stringed Instruments

during June, July and August. New

Studio 508 1-2 Franklin street. New

and second-hand instruments for sale.

New phone 1137.—Adv.

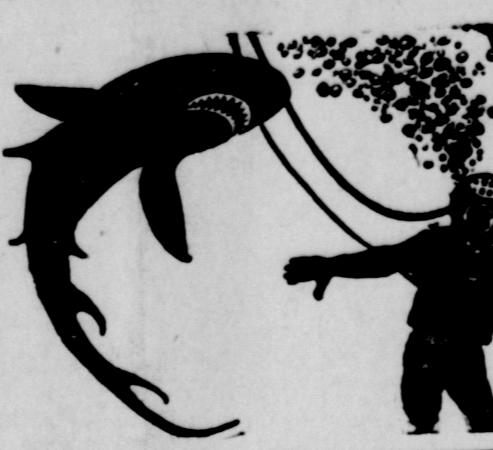
## HIPPODROME

WHERE WACO IS ENTERTAINED

HERE 3 DAYS STARTING TODAY AT 11 A. M.

## Marvelous Moving Pictures TAKEN UNDER the SEA—The Famous Williamson Submarine Movies

An Unparalleled Achievement, Thrilling, Enchanting



### YOU'LL SEE—

Things you've never seen before!

Long, green, slippery, slimy, ugly monsters of the deep!

Beautiful fairies which inhabit the hitherto unknown!

Coral Gardens which will amaze you with their exquisite beauty!

The most wonderful photographs in the world!

A real, big healthy shark at lunch!

Something that achieves the impossible!

A man and a giant shark in a death combat!

"Most wonderful thing yet accomplished in motion pictures."—New York Sun.

The fish playing hide-and-seek down in the depths!

Pictures that enthrall, enhance, enchant, entire and enthuse!

The wonderful, exquisitely beautiful coral gardens down in the sea!

The man and the shark in a desperate, death-defying struggle!

"Absolutely wonderful!"—New York World.

The pictures that amaze and wonder!

The wildest dreams come true!

The most wonderful pictures in the world!

The only pictures ever taken at the bottom of the sea!

The big ugly creatures which roam around in the deep!

Prices: Matinee and Night, 10c and 15c; Children 5c Always.

Coming Thursday—Billy Sunday and "Who Pays."

Coming Friday and Saturday—Bessie Barriscale in "The Reward."

S. A. C. A. P. B. A. & P.

## Gulf Coast Resorts

Best Reached Via the

S. A. & A. P. Railway

Round Trip Rates from Waco are as follows:

Corpus Christi ..... \$12.65

Aransas Pass ..... \$12.65

Rockport ..... \$12.65

Brownsville (Via Sinton) ..... \$18.05

Brownsville (Via Corpus Christi) ..... \$18.05

Limit 90 Days.

Southern Traction Co.

Will Save You Time and Money

T. H. Williams, D. P. A., Waco.

STATION, 4th and WASHING-

TON STS.

H. & T. C.

Summer Tourist Tickets

NEW YORK, N. Y.

And Return—All Rail ..... \$59.50

NEW YORK, N. Y.

And Return, Water and Rail ..... \$80.00

PHILADELPHIA, PA., and Return ..... \$5

# TOOMUCHWOHLEBEN FOR OILERS TO BEAT

## DOUBLE HEADER SPLIT BY CUBS AND REDS

BENTON'S WILDNESS AND ER-  
RORS LOSE FIRST GAME FOR  
CINCINNATI.

Humphries Also Instrumental in  
Chicago's Dropping Second  
Game.

Cincinnati, June 27.—Chicago and Cincinnati broke even in a double-header today. Benton's wildness and errors lost the first game for Cincinnati, while they won the second game, good hitting and on Humphries' errors. The score:

FIRST GAME.

	AB. R. H. O. A. E.
Chicago	5 0 1 2 1 0 0
Fisher, rf	5 0 1 2 1 0 0
Smith, ss	5 0 1 0 0 1 0
Zimmerman, 2d	5 1 1 4 2 0 0
Salter, 1b	3 0 1 0 0 0 0
Williams, cf	0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Kline, ss	3 0 1 1 1 0 0
Phelan, 3b	3 0 1 1 1 0 0
Bresnahan, c	3 0 1 2 2 0 0
Cheney, p	4 0 1 1 1 0 0
Totals	34 4 5 27 11 0
By innings—	29 1 5 27 15 0
Batted for Leach in 8th.	5 0 1 0 0 0 0
Chicago	600 002 020—4
Cincinnati	600 010 000—3
Two-base hit, Fisher. Three-base hit, Zimmerman. Stolen bases, Good. Double, Bresnahan. Double play, Kniese to Bresnahan to Zimmerman. Bases on balls, Cheney 4, Benton 3. Struck out, by Cheney 4, Benton 3, Lear 1. Umpires Klem and Emmler. Time, 1:52.	

SECOND GAME.

	AB. R. H. O. A. E.
Chicago	3 0 0 6 0 0 0
Fisher, ss	3 0 0 1 0 0 0
Smith, ss	0 1 0 0 0 0 0
Zimmerman, 2d	4 0 2 1 5 0 1
Salter, 1b	4 0 2 1 4 0 0
Kniese, cf	3 0 0 0 0 0 0
Phelan, 3b	3 0 0 0 0 0 0
Bresnahan, c	2 0 0 0 0 0 0
Lavender, p	0 0 0 0 0 0 0
*McLarney	1 0 0 0 0 0 0
*Hargrave	0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Totals	30 6 24 17 2
By innings—	28 3 8 27 11 0
Batted for Humphries in 8th.	2 0 0 0 0 0 0
Chicago	600 000 000—0
Cincinnati	600 010 000—3
Two-base hits, Salter. Stolen bases, Oliver. Double play, Leach to Hergott; Zimmerman. Fisher to Salter; Phelan to Salter; Humphries. Phelan to Salter; Wingo to Olson. Struck out, by Schneider 4. Umpires, Klem and Emmler. Time, 1:31.	

The Score.

	AB. R. H. O. A. E.
Waco	5 1 0 4 0 0 0
Worrell, ss	4 1 1 0 0 0 0
Crichlow, cf	3 0 0 1 0 0 0
James, rf	2 0 0 1 3 0 0
Malmquist, 2b	4 2 2 1 0 0 0
Worrell, 3b	0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Conwell, 1b	3 1 1 6 0 0 0
Walters, c	1 0 0 1 0 0 0
Sage, p	4 0 0 2 0 0 0
Grubb, 3b	3 1 5 6 0 0 0
Totals	31 5 6 30 12 2
By innings—	38 4 10 30 13 2
Batted for Veasey in 7th.	0 0 0 0 0 0
Batted for Howard in 8th.	0 0 0 0 0 0
Chicago	600 010 210—1
Waco	600 000 300—4
Two-base hits, Waco 2, Beaumont 2. Innings pitched, Veasey 7, Brant 0. Runs out in eighth, Martina 3. Hits off Veasey 1, Brant 1, Martina 1. Two-base hits, McMahon 2, Dodd, Crichtlow, James. Three-base hit, Nixon. Sacrificed hits, Tanner, Grubb, Sager. Struck out, Veasey 5, Martina 1, Sage 2. Batted hit, James (by Veasey). Double plays, Sage to Grubb; Schwind, Dodd to Cooke. Stolen base, Schwind. On errors, Waco 7, Beaumont 2. Left on bases, Waco 7. Beaumont 3. Time, 2:10. Umpire, Miller.	

## Harding of Nags Shuts Out Gassers

San Antonio, June 27.—San Antonio hit McLeod in the pinches today, while Harding was tight and had sensational support at critical moments. The locals won the game 4 to 0. President Davidson of the Texas League left the game and went right for Houston on his trip around the loop. The score:

	AB. R. H. O. A. E.
Waco	5 1 2 5 0 0
Brant, p	3 1 1 2 0 0
James, rf	5 0 3 5 0 0
McLeod, 3b	3 0 1 0 0 0
Clark, If	4 0 0 1 0 0
Veasey, p	3 0 0 0 0 0
*Frantz	1 0 0 0 0 0
Brant, p	0 0 0 0 0 0
Martina, p	1 0 0 0 1 0
McLeod, rf	1 0 0 0 0 0
Totals	31 6 24 11 3
By innings—	38 4 9 27 15 3
Batted for Veasey in 7th.	0 0 0 0 0 0
Batted for Howard in 8th.	0 0 0 0 0 0
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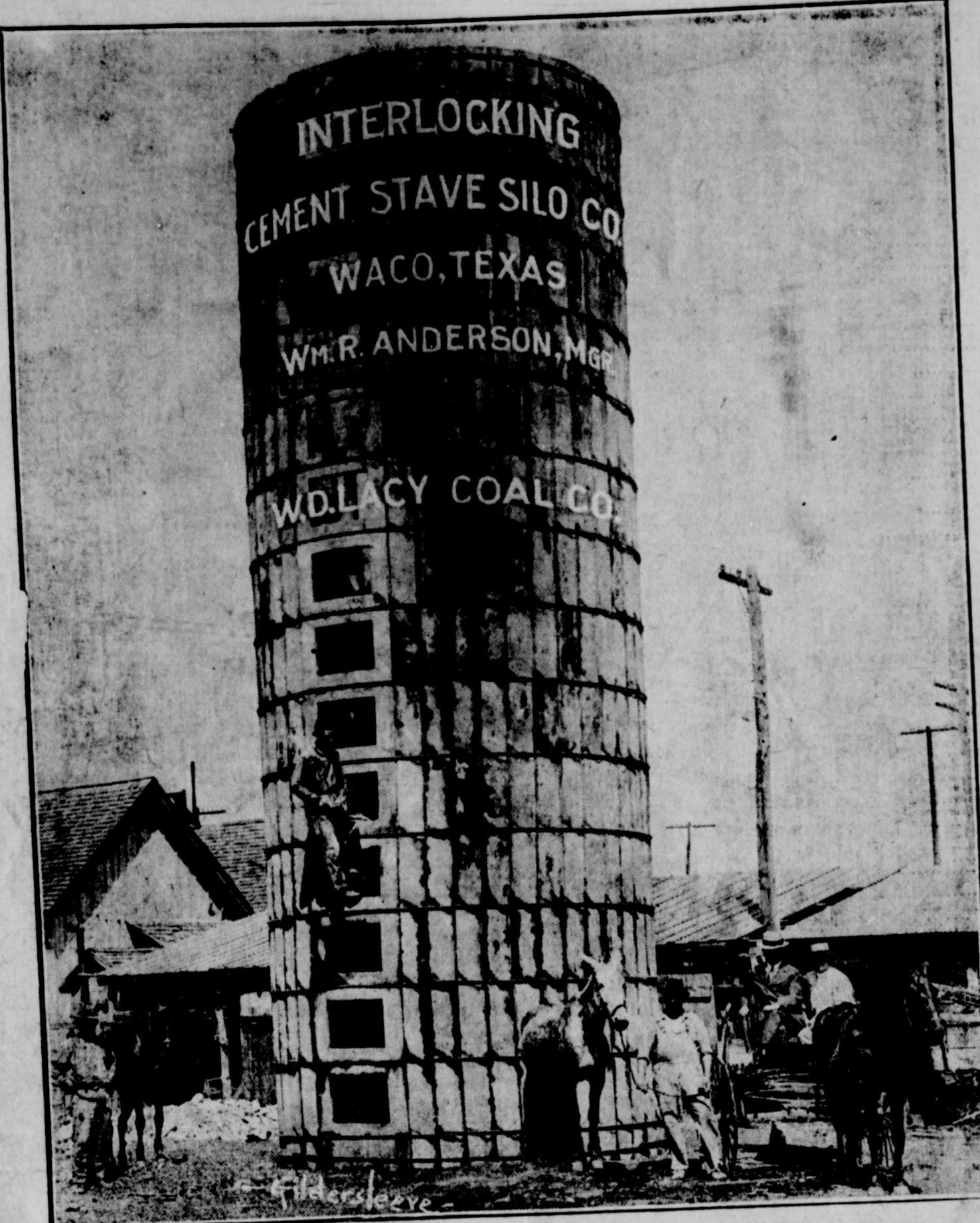
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Martina, p	1 0 0 0 1 0
McLeod, rf	1 0 0 0 0 0
Totals	31 6 24 11 3</

JUNE 28, 1915

MONDAY MORNING



## A CEMENT SILO AT WOOD PRICES

This Silo was built for W. D. Lacy Coal Company, Eleventh and Jackson streets, to feed their work stock. Mr. Lacy will cut his feed bill one-third by having this silo. We invite you to come in and see this silo, and also inspect our factory, as we are manufacturing them here in Waco. All that we ask is that you come down and inspect the plant, and see for yourself that this is the best silo for the small cost of any you can buy.

**You can also tear this SILO down and reconstruct to any size you want. We guarantee to build you a cement SILO as cheap as you can buy a wooden one, and it will last a lifetime, and there will be no painting or up keep. The first cost is the TOTAL COST.**

## INTERLOCKING CEMENT STAVE SILO CO.

WM. R. ANDERSON, MGR.

Conference Tonight  
to Arrange Details  
for July Race Meet

Waco stock men and representatives of the Cotton Palace association will meet tonight in the chamber of commerce rooms to perfect an arrangement between the Cotton Palace and the syndicate to be formed to conduct summer racing on the exposition grounds. The agreement will

be made either for the local men to lease the grounds for the races or to conduct them on a percentage basis, sharing with the Cotton Palace association. The summer race meet will be in the manner of a preliminary for the races during the exposition this fall.

Contract for constructing the race track will be let at once. Bids were received by Secretary Mayfield up till 2 o'clock Saturday afternoon. The proposed race track crosses the old channel of Waco creek in two places. Water will be turned into the new

channel Monday, when the old channel will be filled, ready for the race meet, which is planned for the last week in July. The grandstand will also be used for the races during the exposition in November and for the football games between Baylor and outside colleges to be played on the exposition grounds this year.

Following the meeting tonight, which is expected to result in a definite arrangement between the Cotton Palace association and the syndicate of Waco stock men, steps will be taken to raise money for purses for the

summer meet, which will bring a large string of horses to the city.

**Notice to House Owners.**  
Let us replace that leaking wood shingle roof with metal shingles. Stop the leaks and reduce the fire risk. No exposure of your goods while doing the work. Torbett & Germond Co., Fourteenth and Franklin Sts. Old phone 747, new phone 826.—(Adv.)

Every year about 1,300,000 men in Russia attain the age when they are liable for military service.

## AD MEN RETURN FROM CHICAGO CONVENTION

CARLIN THE FIFTH MAN TO ARRIVE—OTHERS TO TRAVEL SOME.

### RECEPTION TO DELEGATES

Returned Members Will be Honored by Ad Club Thursday Night. Officers to be Installed.

J. W. Carlin, advertising manager of Goldstein-Migel company, the fifth of the Waco delegation to return from Chicago, where the convention was held last week, arrived last night. W. V. Crawford, advertising manager for Sanger Brothers, and J. J. Hutchison, president of the Young Men's Business league, came in Saturday at noon. W. W. Woodson, cashier of the Central Texas Exchange National bank, and C. B. Harman, president of the Waco Ad club, returned with Mr. Crawford and Mr. Hutchison, stopped over in Dallas a few hours, reaching Waco Saturday night. Postmaster W. H. Hoffmann is off on a side trip to Sioux City, Iowa. McKnight made a business trip to New York, and Dean J. T. Kessler of Baylor university will visit several eastern cities before returning. Harry M. Baine, president of the Chamber of Commerce, remains a few days in Chicago, but will return this week. Others of the party will spend some time in the north and east.

The four Wacoans to reach home Saturday came from Chicago to Dallas in a special car arranged for Texans returning at that time by the railroad which ran the special train out of Fort Worth to carry the Texas delegation to the convention.

Returned members from the convention will be guests of honor of the Waco Ad club Thursday night. The meeting which will be in the form of a celebration, will be held on the roof garden of the Camel park Casino. District Judge Tom L. McLoughlin has been selected as toastmaster, and members who went to Chicago and members who went to Chicago will be seated on for short speeches. A comprehensive musical program is being arranged.

Arrangements for the open air meeting and reception are in charge of a committee composed of T. H. Jackson, secretary of the club; T. W. Robertson, W. P. Killingsworth, D. P. Wallace and Louis Crowe.

Officers elected several weeks ago will be installed at the meeting Thursday night under a requirement of the national headquarters that officers of local clubs shall take their seats at the first meeting after the national convention.

The Chicago convention was the most successful in the history of the international association, in the opinion of Mr. Carlin. More than 2000 delegates were registered, and visitors numbered more than 8000. Some of the most prominent men of America were in the list of speakers for the convention. A varied and complete program of entertainment was provided by the Chicago Ad club. In spite of the European war, one delegate was present from Great Britain. The Philippine Islands were also represented.

### Books for Soldiers Must Be Brought in in Next Three Days

Due to the fact that only three weeks were allowed for the campaign for raising books for the soldiers stationed at the army posts on the frontier, the campaign that has been waged in Waco by the Morning News will come to a close with Wednesday night, June 30. We feel confident that there are a number of persons in the city who have contemplated giving a part in this worthy undertaking, but who have not done so yet. This is a reminder that the time is short and to make sure that your books get in, we are suggesting that they be sent to this office today.

It will be recalled that the army authorities suggest books of light fiction, short stories, travel, adventure, light history, military tactics, the current war, etc., as most likely to interest the average soldier, but it is not necessary that you purchase new books for this purpose, the soldiers readily accepting books that have been already read in the homes. If you want a part in making the soldier's life happier and broadening his opportunities for helpful leisure and culture, search your library, attic or other stored place for books today and see what ones you can spare and send them to the Morning News office. The soldiers will appreciate them and you will feel better for having had a part in the movement for their welfare.

Negro Methodist Women's Society to Meet at Marlin

A mass meeting yesterday afternoon at which home and church life were discussed and reports from various committees that had ended the convention of the Woman's Home and Foreign Missionary society of the African Methodist Episcopal church.

Marlin was selected as the next meeting place, date to be announced later by the president.

The following officers were elected: Mrs. M. Jones, Marlin, president; Mrs. L. M. Hughes, Brenham, first vice president; Mrs. L. E. Smith, Waco, second vice president; Mrs. B. P. Boyd, Waxahachie, third vice president; Mrs. S. A. Dibble, San Antonio,

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